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Erratum to: Associations between dietary patterns and biomarkers of nutrient status and cardiovascular risk factors among adolescents in Germany: results of the German Health Interview and Examination Survey for Children and Adolescents in Germany (KiGGS)

Almut Richter[1*], Martina Rabenberg[1], Julia Truthmann[1], Christin Heidemann[1], Jutta Roosen[2], Silke Thiele[3] and Gert B. M. Mensink[1]

Erratum

In the original publication of this article [1], Table 2 was published incorrectly. The cell in the "Cake/cookies[a]" row under the column "'Healthy'" should have been left blank. This value should have been listed one cell to the right, in the column "'Western and traditional'".

Please see below for the corrected table:

* Correspondence: RichterA@rki.de
[1]Department of Epidemiology and Health Monitoring, Robert Koch Institute
Berlin, Post box 65 02 61D-13302, Berlin, Germany
Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

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Table 2 Dietary patterns among 12- to 17-year-old adolescents in Germany

	Dietary patterns				
	boys (N = 2646)			girls (N = 2551)	
	'western'	'traditional'	'healthy'	'western and traditional'	'healthy'
Salty snacks	**0.66**			**0.57**	
Burger/Sausages/Doner kebab	**0.64**			**0.54**	
French fries	**0.61**			**0.57**	
Nuts	**0.59**	−0.20			
Dessert/ Ice-Cream	**0.49**			**0.54**	
Pancakes	**0.49**			**0.47**	
Eggs	**0.39**			**0.42**	
Cake/cookies[a]	**0.38**	0.22		**0.41**	
Soup	0.34		0.27	0.24	0.25
Pasta/Rice	0.33		0.26	0.22	0.28
Chicken	0.31			0.25	0.28
Confectionery[b]	0.30	0.25		**0.41**	
Other vegetables[c]	0.27		**0.41**		**0.39**
Potatoes	0.22	0.27		**0.39**	
Fish	0.22			0.27	
Meat	0.21	**0.44**		0.28	
White bread[d]		**0.55**		**0.36**	
Processed meat		**0.55**		0.21	0.30
Margarine		**0.43**			0.32
Butter		**0.42**			0.22
Soft drinks[e]		**0.39**	−0.25	0.32	
Jam[e]		**0.39**		0.32	
Cheese[f]		**0.36**	0.34		**0.48**
Ketchup		0.35		0.25	
Milk		0.26			0.25
Breakfast cereals		0.26			0.24
Wholemeal bread		0.25	**0.48**		**0.52**
Fruits[g]			**0.58**		**0.49**
Salad vegetables			**0.54**		**0.47**
Water[h]			0.33		0.30
Yoghurt other milk products			0.31		0.33
Tea[i]			0.31		0.31
Juices			0.25		0.29
Coffee					
Variance explained	11.3	5.8	4.7	9.90	5.60

*Factor loadings with absolute values < 0.2 are not shown for clarity, absolute values > 0.35 are underlined
[a]cake, pastries, cookies
[b]chocolate, other sweets like candy or fruit gums
[c]cooked fresh vegetable, canned or frozen vegetable
[d]wheat bread, mixed bread, bread rolls
[e]lemonade, energy drinks
[e]jam, honey, hazelnut spread
[f]cheese, cream cheese
[g]fresh and canned fruits
[h]mineral water, tap water
[i]herb tea, fruit tea
Factor loadings for food groups

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Author details
[1]Department of Epidemiology and Health Monitoring, Robert Koch Institute Berlin, Post box 65 02 61D-13302, Berlin, Germany. [2]Chair of Marketing and Consumer Research, TUM School of Management München, Technische Universität, Alte Akademie 16, D-85350 Freising, Germany. [3]Department of Food Economics and Consumption Studies, Christian-Albrechts-Universität Kiel, Olshausenstraße 40, D-24098 Kiel, Germany.

Reference
1. Richter A, et al. Associations between dietary patterns and biomarkers of nutrient status and cardiovascular risk factors among adolescents in Germany: results of the German Health Interview and Examination Survey for Children and Adolescents in Germany (KiGGS). BMC Nutrition. 2017;3:4. doi:10.1186/s40795-016-0123-1.